

Attendance Policy 2023

Promoting positive behaviour and excellent attendance is the responsibility of the whole school community.

The school will promote positive behaviour and good attendance through its use of curriculum and learning materials. Good attendance and behaviour by pupils will be recognised appropriately. All children should be at school, on time, every day the school is open, unless the reason for absence is unavoidable.

All children are sometimes reluctant to attend school. Any problems that arise with attendance are best resolved between the school, the parents and the child. If a child is reluctant to attend, it is never better to cover up their absence or to give in to pressure to excuse them from attending. This gives the impression that attendance does not matter and may make things worse. Permitting absence from school without a good reason is an offence by the parent.

Governors are kept informed on the school's overall attendance.

The school has continually developed and refined its procedures to track and report on attendance and rigorously follows up on all absences. However, parents have a strong duty and responsibility for their child's education and there is now an increasing national expectation that parents should ensure their pupil should attend school for 190 days a year unless there is a justifiable reason for absence.

Key Objectives:

We are committed to meeting our obligation with regards to school attendance through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Promoting good attendance
- Reducing absence, including persistent (10%+) and severe absence (50%+)
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled
- Acting early to address patterns of absence
- Building strong relationships with families to ensure pupils have the support in place to attend school

We will also promote and support punctuality in attending school.



Expectations

- Pupils are expected to attend school daily unless there is valid reason (eg illness)
- Parents are expected to inform school if their child will not be at school for the day by either calling or e mailing the school office.
- Parents are expected to arrange for routine appointments to be arranged outside of the school day wherever possible.
- Parents are expected to not book family holidays or events during term time.

The Governing Board:

The governing board is responsible for:

- Promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school
- Making sure staff receive adequate training on attendance
- Holding the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy
- with families to ensure pupils have the support in place to attend school

The Headteacher:

The headteacher is responsible for:

- Implementation of this policy at the school
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
- Offering a clear vision for attendance improvement
- Devising specific strategies to address areas of poor attendance identified through data
- Building relationships with parents/carers to discuss and tackle attendance issues
- Creating intervention reintergration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents/carers
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary

School Admin:

The school admin team is responsible for:

- Providing regular attendance reports to school staff and reporting concerns about attendance to the designated senior leader responsible for attendance and the headteacher
- Working with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence



- Supporting the headteacher to issue fixed-penalty notices
- Take calls from parents/carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on Arbor.
- Record children arriving at school late.

Class teachers:

Class teachers are expected to:

- accurately record attendance on a daily basis and submit this information to the school office via Arbor.
- Flag attendance concerns to the headteacher

Parents/carers:

Parents/carers are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends school every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 9:15am on the day of the absence and advise when they are expected to return via phone or e mail.
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
- Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day

Pupils:

Pupils are expected to:

Attend school every day on time

Recording Attendance

Attendance register

We will keep an attendance register, and place all pupils onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Absent

The school admin team will amend this rtegister to update it with known information regarding he absence to include the appropriate registration code and any reasons for the change.

See appendix 1 for the DfE attendance codes.



We will also record:

- [For pupils of compulsory school age] Whether the absence is authorised or not
- The nature of the activity if a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- The nature of circumstances where a pupil is unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 3 years after the date on which the entry was made.

The school day begins at 8.50am, and this is the time children are expected to be in class, ready to learn.

Any child arriving after 8.50am must report to the main reception. Children arriving after 8:55am will be marked as late. Children arriving after 9:30am will be marked as late after the register has closed (this is treated as an absence).

Afternoon register will be taken at 1:00pm/ 1:15pm (depending on the key stage) and will remain open for 10 minutes.

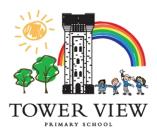
Unplanned absence

If a child is absent from school, then the parent or carer must inform the school as soon as possible on the first day of absence by phone or email. Verbal messages from siblings will not be accepted. A phone call will be made to the parents, if we have not received a reason for absence by 9:15 am. It will be assumed that if a child continues to be absent, that this will be for the same reason as given on day one.

We will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where the absence is longer than 5 days or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school may ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised and parents/carers will be notified of this in advance.



Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent/carer notifies the school in advance of the appointment.

However, we encourage parents/carers to make routine medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent/carer must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence.

Lateness and punctuality

A pupil who arrives late:

- Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code
- After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code

Where there are concerns regarding regular lateness, parents will be invited in for a conversation with the headteacher in the first instance.

Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- Call the pupil's parent/carer on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may [insert measures, e.g. contact police]
- Identify whether the absence is approved or not
- Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained this will be no later than 5 working days after the session
- Call the parent/carer on each day that the absence continues without explanation to ensure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. If absence continues, the school will consider involving an education welfare officer

Reporting to parents/carers

The school will regularly inform/ discuss parents/carers about their child's attendance and absence levels at parents evenings and with the end of year report.



Authorised and unauthorised absence

Approval for term-time absence

The headteacher will only grant a leave of absence to a pupil during term time if they consider there to be 'exceptional circumstances'. A leave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, circumstances and relevant context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 2 weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, accessible via school office. The headteacher may require evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Valid reasons for authorised absence include:

- Illness (including mental illness) and medical/dental appointments (see sections 4.2 and 4.3 for more detail)
- Religious observance where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parents/carers belong. If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parents'/carers' religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart
- Traveller pupils travelling for occupational purposes this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision
- Other possible 'exceptional circumstances' where the [headteacher/head of school] may grant term-time holiday

Legal sanctions

The school or local authority can fine parents/carers for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age.

If issued with a fine, or penalty notice, each parent/carers must pay £60 within 21 days or £120 within 28 days. The payment must be made directly to the local authority.

Penalty notices can be issued by a headteacher, local authority officer or the police.



The decision on whether or not to issue a penalty notice may take into account:

- The number of unauthorised absences occurring within a rolling academic year
- One-off instances of irregular attendance, such as holidays taken in term time without permission
- Persistent late arrival at school, i.e. after the register has closed. "Persistent" means at least 10 sessions of unauthorised late arrival over a period of 12 school weeks, excluding holidays. These late episodes do not need to be consecutive.
- Where an excluded pupil is found in a public place during school hours without a justifiable reason

If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

The Code of Conduct for issuing penalty notices in Staffordshire is here

Parental Responsibility

Only parents with parental responsibility should request permission to collect a child from school during the school day. Only the following adults have legal parental responsibility.

- If parents are married, separated or divorced, both parents have parental responsibility on an equal basis.
- If parents are unmarried:
 - o If the mother's name only appears on the birth certificate ONLY THE MOTHER has parental responsibility unless the father has obtained it by formal written agreement or through a court order.
 - o If the father has registered the birth with mother and his names appears on the birth certificate, BOTH parents have parental responsibility on an equal basis.
- Other people (step-parents, grandparents etc.) Do Not have parental responsibility unless they have a court order (e.g. adoption, residence order) or have taken over parental responsibility as legal guardian.

Monitoring attendance

The school will:

- Monitor attendance and absence data half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil level
- Identify whether or not there are particular groups of children whose absences may be a cause for concern
- School will contact parents if there child's attendsance is causing concern.



Pupil-level absence data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics. The school will compare attendance data to the national average, and share this with the governing board.

Legislation:

This policy meets the requirements of the <u>working together to improve school attendance</u> from the Department for Education (DfE), and refers to the DfE's statutory guidance on <u>school attendance parental responsibility measures</u>. These documents are drawn from the following legislation setting out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

>Part 6 of The Education Act 1996

> Part 3 of The Education Act 2002

Part 7 of <u>The Education and Inspections Act 2006</u>

➤ The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 (and 2010, 2011, 2013, 2016 amendments)

The Education (Penalty Notices) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2013

It also refers to:

> School census guidance

> Keeping Children Safe in Education

Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools

Approved by: Quality of Education Committee Date: 05/12/2023

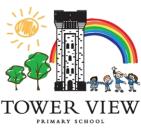
Last reviewed on: 05/12/2023

Next review due by: 31/12/2025

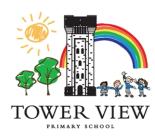


Appendix 1

Code	Definition	Scenario
/	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
В	Off-site educational activity	Pupil is at a supervised off-site educational activity approved by the school
D	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
J	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
P	Sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
V	Educational trip or visit	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised, or approved, by the school
w	Work experience	Pupil is on a work experience placement



		PRIMARY SCHOOL		
Code	Definition	Scenario		
Authorised absence				
С	Authorised leave of absence	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances		
E	Excluded	Pupil has been excluded but no alternative provision has been made		
н	Authorised holiday	Pupil has been allowed to go on holiday due to exceptional circumstances		
ı	Illness	School has been notified that a pupil will be absent due to illness		
M	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment		
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance		
S	Study leave	Year 11 pupil is on study leave during their public examinations		
т	Gypsy, Roma and traveller absence	Pupil from a traveller community is travelling, as agreed with the school		
	Unauthorised	d absence		
G	Unauthorised holiday	Pupil is on a holiday that was not approved by the school		
N	Reason not provided	Pupil is absent for an unknown reason (this code should be amended when the reason emerges, or replaced with code O if no reason for absence has been provided after a reasonable amount of time)		
O	Unauthorised absence	School is not satisfied with reason for pupil's absence		



U	Arrival after registration	Pupil arrived at school after the register closed
---	----------------------------	---

Code	Definition	Scenario
х	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend
Y	Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances	School site is closed, there is disruption to travel as a result of a local/national emergency, or pupil is in custody
Z	Pupil not on admission register	Register set up but pupil has not yet joined the school
#	Planned school closure	Whole or partial school closure due to half- term/bank holiday/INSET day